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CHARLECOTE
OR
THE TRIAL OF WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE



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THE TRIAL OF WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

BY ✓

JOHN BOYD THACHER



ILLUSTRATED BY

CHARLES LOUIS HINTON

8996 B³¹

DODD, MEAD & COMPANY, NEW YORK

ANNO DOMINI ONE THOUSAND EIGHT
HUNDRED AND NINETY-FIVE

1895
J. B. T.

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JOHN BOYD THACHER

THIS LITTLE BOOK IS DEDICATED
TO
WILLARD FISKE
WHO TO-DAY HOLDETH THE LANDOR VILLA,
ON THE HILLSIDE OF
FIESOLE,
AND WHO FROM THE HANDS OF DISCERNING
FORTUNE HATH HAD NOT ONLY
THE FIGS AND OLIVES
BUT
THE WIT AND FANCY
OF
WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR

PREFACE

PREFACE

WE are in a strait to frame an excuse for what may seem to some an act of literary vandalism. When Walter Savage Landor wrote his "Citation of William Shakespeare," he gave to English literature one of its masterpieces. Who-so addeth to or taketh away from such a work committeth a literary sin. The State protects its citizen who conceives a fancy

and develops it to a practical invention. Under certain conditions the State permits another to utilize the prior invention when a combination in which it is used is marked and differing. We can only creep under this protecting wing and justify ourselves in its latitude.

We have appropriated the conceit of Landor that in his early youth Shakespeare was cited before Sir Thomas Lucy, charged with the killing of a deer in the Knight's forest. We have taken his *dramatis personæ* and added to the com-

pany the figure of Hannah Hathaway. We have in a few instances employed the very words found in his work. We have run the Landorian thread in and out of our own poor loom and if the product be unsatisfactory it is because of the imperfection of our mechanical contrivances and the infelicity of the workman. But here endeth our offending. The very richness of the poet's fancy, the elegance of his diction, the loftiness of his style, the constant presence of his personality, all are gifts which belong to Landor alone and

which we can neither ape nor wear.

When the Baconian theory of the authorship of Shakespeare's plays was first suggested it found some acceptance because of the unsubstantial support on which rested the personality of Shakespeare. Information concerning his life is meagre and incomplete. Cloud and shadow hide from us his presence. Where men hear a voice and behold no figure they yield to uncertain fears and doubt gets hold on them. Could a man speak as he spake, utter such thoughts, so unfold

nature's secrets, so unriddle the human heart, unless that man had been part of the lives of a multitude of his kind? Could such a man have walked abroad without touching hundreds of other real men in his London life? Must not such a man have written countless letters? Must he not have somewhere registered his share in passing events? Yet we know less of this man than of any other literary character of his age. We do not know how he lived nor with whom he lived. We do not know how he looked in form and in feature. His

mighty brain must have dwelt behind a high forehead and so men have drawn for us the Droeshout portrait. We do not know in what he was like unto other men, nor in what he was differing from other men. We have no specimen of his handwriting, unless it be found among five disputed signatures.

Tradition has not been bold enough to tread further on a way in which fact dare not venture. As there are scarcely three authentic facts connected with his career—beyond the record of his christening, his

purchase of property and his death—so have there come down to us only about three traditions. He perhaps killed a deer in Charlecote forest. He perhaps held the horse of some courtier before the door of a play-house. He perhaps had a drinking bout with Ben Jonson in some country tavern. And this is all—all of fact and all of tradition! History may have thought the elements of his soul too great to suffer the relation of their union with the common existence of the body, and so have swept from the record the doings of his life.

To us Shakespeare is a real man who once lived in a real world.

Landor has taken one of these few traditions and treated it as a fact. He has thus become a historian and no historian may have exclusive use of a fact. We have accepted this story of the slain deer and of Shakespeare's trial before Sir Thomas Lucy. If we acknowledge that the tale we here tell was first made by Landor, we may justly expect Landor to account for discrepancies and apparent inaccuracies. If there was no law against deer steal-

ing punishable with death in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, the indictment was drawn by Landor and the degree of the crime was fixed by him.

We here try to represent Shakespeare, the youth, in three characteristic poses. In the first scene we present him as the lover, tender of affection and true in constancy. We take more than a lustrum from the years of Hannah Hathaway, that the fire of a more ardent look may be in her eye as she turns her face loveward. If she is shrewish, neither Shakespeare nor we shall guess it.

Arms of love were never made so strong that they could hold a soul like his in Stratford town, and we hear Shakespeare revealing to Hannah the challenge his spirit hath had from the outer world and for a larger life. In the second scene we present Shakespeare as the village ne'er-do-well, exchanging badinage with the yokels in the forest. He mocks but obeys the authority they magnify. In the third scene we have repainted Landor's setting of the trial, and present the youth in the consciousness of his mental supremacy, playing with the

will and purposes of the Judge as deftly as Hamlet fingered the stops of his flute. If his departure through the open window is sudden and unordered, there is no resentment in his glance against the Knight, fond and foolish, but only unutterable love for his Hannah, fair and faithful.

In all this we have seen Shakespeare as a man, moving as a man, feeling as a man, speaking as a man. Shakespeare the mature poet, no pen dare familiarly describe. Shakespeare the youth, moved by ambitious thoughts and sus-

tained by plighted love, we have even dared to approach. If the reader shall withhold from us all acknowledgment of originality, let him at least at our instance turn again to Landon's work and refresh himself with his inimitable fancy.

J. B. T.

Albany, November 5, 1895.

CHARACTERS

CHARACTERS

SIR THOMAS LUCY, Knight, Justice of the Peace

SILAS GOUGH, Chaplain

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE, Prisoner

JOSEPH CARNABY, } Foresters, Constables and
EUSEBY TREEN, } Witnesses

HANNAH HATHAWAY

EPHRAIM BARNETT, Clerk to Sir Thomas Lucy

TIME

THE YEAR OF OUR LORD, 1582

SYNOPSIS

SCENE I. In Front of the Cottage of Hannah
Hathaway

SCENE II. The Park at Charlecote

SCENE III. The Great Hall at Charlecote House

SCENE 1

SCENE I

(In front of the cottage of Hannah Hathaway. It is early evening. The cottage is in the right middle distance. As the curtain rises Silas Gough is driven out of the cottage by Hannah Hathaway with loud and vehement scoldings.)

Hannah
Hathaway

OUT, out, out, thou unholy
holy-man, thou divine
obstructor of righteousness,
thou ecclesiastical villain, thou
enemy of good, thou beguiler
of thy mother's sex, thou pros-
ecuting persecutor of innocent
maidens !

Silas Gough

As to innocency, I am not
now summoning thee before
any bar and as to thy maidenly

loud-crying virtues, I am not at this moment an echoing wall, but this, dear Mistress Hannah, I fain would aver and by my dress which speaks of religion, no matter what tongue I ply within my teeth, by this dress I swear, I never yet did touch a hand like that ; and well I know thy hand is no maiden's hand, but the hurler of a lusty dame's indignation and so I shall say and ever so shall I think until the blood go on coursing again from its suffused tenting in the hollow of my cheek.

Hannah
Hathaway

Thou oughtest rather to rejoice and be pricked with a timely hope of salvation at the

visitation of blood to thy sin-seamed face. If blood can reach thy cheek, the power of God may yet reach thy heart. But as touching thy oath, it is false like the practice of thine own preached word and thou art forsworn. If I had but yielded this hand to thy sly but constant search each time thy presence fouled the air Heaven sent my lungs, I had now no hand, no flesh, no fingers.

Silas Gough

Oh ! Mistress Hannah, the soothing hand of the Church—
(reaches out for her hand)

Hannah
Hathaway

Unhand me, hand of
Church ! The soothing hand

of the Church is a balm-bearing hand and the inverted palm holds it as a blessed chalice ; but thy hand is the hand of vice, thy hooked fingers clutch with unlawful seekings, thy flesh tingles with hot and vibrating desire. Thou knowest no seemliness withal. Didst thou not at the funeral rites to good Dame Mowbry but three days laid to rest, grasp my farewell hand as I did uncurtain the death sheet from off her fastened face ?

Silas Gough

'Twas a churchly office I
would have done and saved
thine unfamiliar hand.

Hannah
Hathaway

How many days have gone

since at Judith Hemming's wedding thou didst seize my hand as I laid upon her head her wreath of orange promises and when, but for my caught-up care, a luckless omen had wreathed us all in pain ?

Silas Gough

It was not the cap of orange blossoms I did think upon, but of thy kisses ripened for faithful wooer like the Knight's holy Chaplain and yet which thou wouldst have thrown uncounted and unnoticed on Judith's wealthy mouth.

Hannah
Hathaway

Go thou and woo some toothless dame.

Silas Gough

'Tis my sweet will to woo

	thine unmelting will. (Runs toward her.)
Hannah Hathaway	'Tis my sweet will that no wooer among men shall have his sweet will of me save only and forever mine own Sweet Will.
Silas Gough	Thine own Sweet Will will I some near-by day hang and I do tell thee the gibbet is already timbered and the joints eager for their firm establishment on which shall swing his bold and worthless carcass.
Hannah Hathaway	Out, out and away, I say, thou miserable exuding slime from the bottomless pit, thou rank and vegetable-grown soul, thou diseased Preacher, thou

crawling scavenger, thou creeping mal-spoken thing, out, out——

(Enter Will Shakespeare with a gun upon his shoulder and gazing coolly at the angry pair, pretending not to see Silas.)

Will
Shakespeare

How now, Hannah mine, why so hot, when the evening is so cool?

Hannah
Hathaway

Oh! how to tell thee! a thousand plagues——

Will
Shakespeare

What then hath disturbed thee so? It cannot have been the temperate trees, for they have turned their leaves face downward for the night. It

cannot have been the birds, for they have long since tucked their pecking-tired heads beneath their matted wing. The village life hath stopped and no one but our two poor human selves——

Hannah
Hathaway

And dost thou not see this
impious priest ?

Will
Shakespeare

Why, behold Master Silas,
the anointed preacher to souls
and parish lamp to natural feet !
But still, I do maintain I was
right, for I do not think we can
call *him* human, dost thou,
Hannah ? Are his works man-
ly or unmanly ? When hast
thou in thy charitableness
known him to do aught of



manly deed or when hast thou heard him speak a single man-like thought? Verily, as I am an oathable man, thou art no human man but a thing, a black, unpleasing, misguided, unredeemable thing! A thing with eyes that roll and go backward and forward on their axised sockets; a thing with ears to drink in scandal and tattled gossip and a soul like a trough to dough it in and knead it into current report until the entire parish hath fed on thine unwholesome bread. No, thou art no man, thou art a——

Silas Gough

Dog——

Will
Shakespeare

No, no, Silas, thou art no dog. A dog is faithful, a dog

	<p>is honest, a dog is conscionable, a dog is of good report. I would not have thee a dog, Silas, for I ever was friend of dogs.</p>
Silas Gough	<p>I will have thee hanged, I will have thy heart upon a stick, I will hire a brave lad to wave thy head upon a pike.</p>
Hannah Hathaway	<p>His mind is ever on a hanging. He hath been reading of the Apostles and of the end of his betters.</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>No, no, Silas, I shall never be hanged by thee, but this I promise, I shall gibbet thee on a printed scaffold and there shalt thou swing so long as letters have a home in lan-</p>

Silas Gough	<p>guage, and while words exist men shall cry out as they pass thee by, " behold Silas Gough, the dreadful thing."</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>I will run and seek Sir Thomas. Thou shalt no longer disgrace this parish or I will recite mass in the lowest hell. (Runs off.)</p>
	<p>What a relief the demise of his presence doth afford. Hannah, was there ever a chaplain before Heaven's gate like unto this Silas and was there ever a name like unto Gough? Its very sound is like the departure of the imprisoned air from off the stomach and the lungs. Gough and cough and off—so</p>

<p>Hannah Hathaway</p>	<p>lets no more of him. (Lays down his gun.)</p> <p>Willie, Willie, he hath seen thy gun !</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>What matters it? Did not the gun choke its strong desire to converse with Master Silas? It did itch and beat against mine arm as if its load must find a quick escape. It is a good, a palpable Christian gun, not fit for the base medium of uttering speech to such as Silas Gough, even if it be a gun of thine own dear sex, Hannah, and have the last of all the words. It shall have better and more wholesome food this night.</p>
<p>Hannah Hathaway</p>	<p>Art thou turning outlaw,</p>

Will? Art thou bent on ever teasing the constables?

Will
Shakespeare

Nay, but there is one brave deer in Charlecote forest, a haughty, blustering, a well-antler-multiplied buck, heavy with the weight of fat, into whose tantalizing eyes I have twice looked but both times have I been gunless and unknifed. He hath challenged me to an honorable contest—*his senses*, sharper than weapons of offense and sounder than thrice protected buckler, *against my skill* with the imprisoned powder and the brutal slug. Three times have I sought him with my gun but never yet have nearer come

than to see the waving defiance of his well flagged tail or to hear the whistling music of his nostril and the disdainful march of his firm and fearless tread. But I do know the way he walketh to the pool for his refreshing drink and this night shall fat Master Buck lower his flag to me.

Hannah
Hathaway

But to kill the lord's deer!
It is greatly punishable.

Will
Shakespeare

It shall be my last deer and my last offense. Hannah, listen! When I came into the world there came with me two souls, twin in birth but twain in kind, differing in complexion and bequeathment of gifts as

the lime-licked water differs
from the blood of the vine.
The one is my Stratford soul,
the soul that lets me seek game
from out the forest and at the
tavern and in the vestry, that
invites me to perplex magis-
trates and to trouble authority.
My other soul is my better
part, broad like the continents
that drink of the waters, deep
like the seas that eat of the
land, high like the heavens that
sup on the hope of mortals. It
calls me ever by name and I
listen to it as to a familiar.

Hannah
Hathaway

And with what soul lovest
thou me, Will ?

Will
Shakespeare

My Stratford soul were too

mean, too common, too clayey a thing to love thee with, my Hannah. It is walled 'round with very brief powers and it tires with the exercise of moments. I would love thee with that other soul which knows neither bounds, nor wearyings nor ending of days. No register hath yet been tabled to measure my love for thee. The greater circle this better soul of mine enlarges, the greater scope shalt thou have of my love.

Hannah
Hathaway

But whither will such a tremendous soul lead thee? If it take thee out of Stratford, I shall die.

Will
Shakespeare

Wait! thou rememberest,

surely, the day we walked by the Avon and I did tell thee of La Pucelle, the man-maid of France, born in the furrow and wedded to the plow and how she heard strange voices and saw forms come back from Heaven and how she for a time won battles and propped a throne.

Hannah
Hathaway

Yea, and I did tell thee that I would not greatly love to hear such voices or see such figures, but would for my part keep close to the plow and say prayers for stoneless furrows. I wish thou wert less bold of spirit, Will.

Will
Shakespeare

Those who are called to from out the air, those who

	<p>are permitted to hear the voices, must listen to their charges or they anger the Gods. Hannah, girl, I hear these voices, I see these figures, or figures like unto them. Day and night, hour after hour, I look on a passing spectacle, an unrolling of scenes that have been acted and I feel that it is for me to whom these strange things are shown to put them into some great and perpetual verse.</p>
Hannah Hathaway	<p>And these things thou seest, these things thou hearest, are they not all in the Chronicles?</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>The fall of a king is indeed chronicled in the histories, but how fell the king? The throne</p>

was strong ; whence came the wind which over-toppled it ? It is this story I shall tell. I see the shadows and eclipses of events, the patient weaving of wicked patterns, the parcellings of purposes, the preparation of vilest instruments ; I hear the planning of cunning tongues in secret council, the treacherous engagement of foreign Princes, the eloquent speech of Senates, the building of Trojan horses, the shaking tread of marching hosts, the mighty clash of arms and—then falls the King. I shall enumerate and string the very cords that move the human heart and that move the world. I will give the cause of happened

things, the cause, the causes and every several part which by multiplying can itself cause a cause. I will account for each sand grain that goes into the glass to measure the hurrying hour.

Hannah
Hathaway

And will this busy world listen to thee?

Will
Shakespeare

I shall go to London and there make plays. I shall be heard to speak through many mouths. My characters shall stamp and strut in story on the stage. Men shall say "How plain is the falling out of this design. It could not come to other consummation," or "such ambition by travelling such a road must have had

end in such abandonment," or "surely such hate must have heated anew the fires of Hell—," or "Love like this must have been born in Heaven and even in this very way is now returned there."

Hannah
Hathaway

Ah ! Will, thou art spreading a wing that shall bear thee away from me in body and in spirit. I do not like this flight. I shall not have even thy Stratford soul for mine own. Thou wilt no longer love me. Thou wilt see fairer faces, touch softer hands, feel sweeter kisses.

Will
Shakespeare

Nay, sweet Ann, a thousand kisses from a thousand mouths shall never borrow the

love I have for thee. We cannot contend against my going. It would be easier to battle against a King's decree. It must be so. But I shall love thee absent with an increase of new affection like hunger brings to long-stayed appetite. My muse shall rehearse its earliest songs to thee. My pipe shall utter into thine imagined ear each day its choicest notes. No flower I see shall breathe other than thy perfume. The birds I hear will I think to have flown from out thy hand and I will give their wings messaged burdens to straightway bear to thee. And soon the map of winter will be crossed and with the first lispings of the spring I



	<p>shall see thee once again. Be thou brave and help me keep up to my great designs.</p>
Hannah Hathaway	<p>Will, my Will, do thou here and now swear me a solemn promise never to forget me, never to let me lose thy love?</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>So will I swear. By what shall I swear?</p>
Hannah Hathaway	<p>Thou believest that the shining stars rule in the affairs of men. I would have thee constant like the stars. Swear then by them—swear by the stars.</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>Then, that will I do. I do swear by the sun that governs the day, I do swear by the</p>

moon that rules the night, I do swear by the stars that ever have their will of men, never to forget thee, my Hannah Hathaway, never, never, never.

(Curtain falls on scene I.)

SCENE II

SCENE II

(Charlecole forest at night. The trees are elms and willows. A shot is fired in the distance. Soon after enter two foresters, Joseph Carnaby and Euseby Treen.)

Euseby
Treen

JOSEPH CARNABY, what
was that! Was't a gun?

Joseph
Carnaby

It surely was a gun and
spake its piece not far from
Mickle Meadow. 'Tis there the
deer go down at night to drink.
Let us keep in the shadow of
these elms and willows and we
soon shall see.

Euseby
Treen

I do not like to pry into
shots and noises like unto

these. Nor do I like the forest at night. Two and thirty years, boy and man, have I kept guard by day in these woods but never yet did I meddle with them by night. I would I were at the tavern. The memory of ale is troubling my throat greatly.

Joseph
Carnaby

Let the ale await thy tankard and let thy tankard await thee. There will be a gallant company of tankards for us both if we obey Master Silas Gough and if we arrest Will Shakespeare with his *fragrant dilect*—though for my part if we do find him only with a slain deer I think we shall have done a good night's work.

Euseby
Treen

Then do thou arrest the lad and I will seize the deer. If the deer be properly dead I can bear it hence or if his throat be so cut that he be fair on his way to dying I shall end his life. I am a master hand with a dying deer and that thou knowest—and all the parish knows it—but I nearly die with thirst. If I had but what I left in the brown mug at the noon hour!

Joseph
Carnaby

Nay, there may be as many as ten lusty villains employed in this robbing gang and they would have of us our lives as quickly as a bird's.

Euseby
Treen

I say let the woolstapler's son alone. We can summon

<p>Joseph Carnaby</p> <p>Euseby Treen</p>	<p>him before the Justice in the light of day on the morrow and I can imagine the killing of the deer, aye, and aver to the same as well as if I did stop to behold it. I cannot see well in the night and already begin to feel ill of the trees. I will run to the tavern, Joseph, and will send the stable lad, a good stout youth and famous with the cudgels. But what hast thou now, what seest thou up there, Joseph ?</p> <p>I did see a star fall from out the heavens straight down to the earth and drop like a ripened nut from off the highest tree.</p> <p>Then we are lost ! If so be</p>
---	--

that a single star be gone from the sky it will be brought home to us, for thou didst see it first in the heavens and then did see it drop and if it be charged to us, we shall die for it. No, no, Joseph, come away, come away to the tavern.

Joseph
Carnaby

We have bound ourselves to do this for Master Silas and we must keep near unto our word.

Euseby
Treen

There is harm in this business and if it be Lucifer that thou didst see drop down out of the sky, it is certain that the Evil One himself is joining in this night's work. Joseph, Joseph, let us say our prayers !

Joseph
Carnaby

Thou art the foolishhest forester in the three parishes if thou thinkest that the Evil One would mind such as us when there are so many in the world trying to do good and fashioning pious works. He will have big hands to thwart and deal with their plans and will give us never a thought.

Euseby
Treen

Aye, man, in truth it is a sweet comfort at a time like this when the devil is seen by our own eyes to be abroad, to think that we have done no great good in our lives to have made him unhappy, nor have we prevented the working of some evil in which perhaps Lucifer had much heart. No,

I feel that thou art right and
we have not angered the good
Lucifer, the kind Lucifer, the
sweet, fair and just Lucifer, the
—(Just then Will Shakespeare's
voice is heard in the far distance
singing.)

Will
Shakespeare

The Devil went searching for men and for Priests,
He searched through the forests, he searched
through the streets,
And whenever he gathered a faithless fat soul
He plunged it adown to the brim-stony bowl.

Oh ! the Devil was busy
And his hand it was sore,
But he wriggled his pitch-fork
And cried for yet more:

“ Fattened Priests all in black or good lay-men in
buff—”

But when he gets Silas he'll have Devil enough.

Joseph
Carnaby

In the name of Heaven,
Euseby Treen, get down on

thy knees and let us commend our souls to God. I did not think so fair a night could grow such clouds of brimstone. Thy sweetness toward the Devil hath well nigh lost us our souls to say nothing of our precious bodies. Get down on thy knees, man, down on thy knees.

(Both kneel and mumble prayers to God for mercy and protection ; Euseby being loudest in his exclamations for help from Heaven and of hostility to the Evil One. At this instant Shakespeare appears at one wing with a deer slung across his shoulders in such a manner as to bring the horns of the buck over his own head, and

beginning to sing another song—

Will
Shakespeare

“ The Mermaid, the Mermaid ”—

Euseby
Treen

(Looking up and seeing the apparition.) Oh ! Good Lord, the Devil ! Oh ! the Devil, my good Lord ! Oh Joseph Carnaby, that thou shouldst have made me take back the good words I did speak of the Devil and behind his back. Here is his worshipful face and thou hast ruined my soul, Joseph, else had the Devil, the sweet Devil, not have come to take us. I ever loved thee, Oh ! Lucifer, Oh ! good Devil—

(Both kneel trembling until Shakespeare comes forward.)

<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>Aha, my brave foresters, what seek ye on your knees? Art laying wiles for birds? Shame on ye for ensnaring the Knight's game in his own forest and in the Lord's own night. Shame on ye I say.</p>
<p>Joseph Carnaby</p>	<p>(As both rise from their knees.) We do know thee well, but before we have fur- ther speech of thee we would ask how many men do make thy company?</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>There would be with me eight more men of my own veritable mien and disposition —an I were a tailor. Being a simple shepherd, I am alone.</p>
<p>Joseph Carnaby</p>	<p>Thou art no shepherd, but</p>

Will Shakespeare	<p>the son of the woolstapler of Stratford.</p> <p>Well-a-day, the woolstapler hath the last of the sheep. He hath the skin and he hath the wool and he that hath the last of a thing is the keeper of the thing and a shepherd is the keeper of what distinguisheth a sheep, and ergo, a woolstapler is a keeper of the sheep and therefore is a shepherd.</p>
Joseph Carnaby	<p>(Aside to Euseby Treen.) He is alone, man, and we be two!</p>
Euseby Treen	<p>Truly Joseph, the lad doth prove fairly himself and family to be shepherds. A keeper of sheep and a keeper of deer to</p>

my mind do appear in a sense to be of a brotherhood. Doth it not seem to thee we had best leave him alone?

Joseph
Carnaby

An thou art alone, Will Shakespeare, we do take thee into custody in the Queen's name, and do thou, Euseby Treen, proceed to seize upon him. If thou but layest thy hand upon his shoulder in the Queen's name he shall be the same as in prison and in bonds, aye and peradventure under the rope's noose as well.

Euseby
Treen

Do thou stand quiet, good Master Will, and lay down thy gun and do thou fold thine arms, for I am about to arrest

by judicial seizure thy carnal body and I am a forester, aye, and a constable of the peace and I am a man of good spirit, afraid of nothing mortal and a very lion when provoked by the villainous and an angry tiger when enraged by the unlawful, so that men do say, "Beware of Euseby Treen, the forester," "It is best to yield at the first charge to Euseby Treen, the constable."

Will
Shakespeare

Indeed I do stand in dreadful awe of thee and of thy valiant courage, good Master Constable, but before I yield this poor bit of clay to gyves and chains, thou must show thy warrant. The late King

Henry of blessed memory and the King and Queens of his begetting, have secured to the poor and lowly a goodly chance of Justice. When I do see thy warrant and behold my name writ out in big letters, then shall I know that I am apprehended in the eyes of the law and out of the very teeth of circumstances. Show then thy warrant.

(Joseph Carnaby and Euseby Treen are consulting and the latter is overheard to say "We shall be protected by Master Silas," to which Carnaby replies, "Do not drag in the name of the Priest, we shall do well if we use it not here.")

Joseph
Carnaby

We have no warrant nor
have we need of warrant.
Dost think we carry the Great
Seal in our hand and the
Queen's vellum commission, a
whole yard long, in our coat?
We have our staves as au-
thority and thou knowest well
we are the Parish Constables.

Will
Shakespeare

And of what am I charged?

Joseph
Carnaby

With being in unlawful and
felonous and murderous pos-
session of a deer from out
Charlecote forest.

Will
Shakespeare

Then am I innocent, for I
have no deer.

Joseph
Carnaby

No deer, no deer! then in

<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>the name of the beasts of the field, what is that thing there ?</p> <p>Do not give utterance to those monster swearings, Joseph Carnaby, do not take in vain—speaking the name of creatures made by thy Creator. Art thou not afraid the heavens will fall on thee ?</p>
<p>Euseby Treen</p>	<p>Aye, Joseph, withdraw thy wicked oath, Joseph, else the other stars, the brothers and sisters and children of Lucifer, will fall on us.</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>There hast thou a pious example, Joseph. Why dost thou not shape thy words and thy faith to the grave and</p>

Joseph
Carnaby

seemly conduct of thy good fellow constable ?

Thou hast as many words as a dog hath fleas and they do worry and irritate a thousand fold worse—but the point in the law is that thou art in possession of a deer.

Will
Shakespeare

The point in the law then is that I am not in possession of a deer. I was in a distant sense in possession of or holding a certain remote and accidental relationship to a carcass, a dead body, a lifeless piece of venison, but not a deer, not a deer, Joseph. A deer is a living thing, that leaps and pants, that nibbles the dew-moistened grass, that drinks the

<p>Joseph Carnaby</p> <p>Will Shakespeare</p> <p>Euseby Treen</p>	<p>cooling water from out the water lily cup, that so looks appealingly into the human eyes of the hunter who seeks his life that I do marvel thou canst have the heart, even shame-facedly, to talk of killing and destroying and of shambles and of venison pasty.</p> <p>It is a hanging matter.</p> <p>It is not a hanging matter to be in possession of a carcass, or else when thou art dead they shall hang a wooden box full of worms.</p> <p>Truly, Joseph, thou art in the wrong, for the lad hath already shown he hath no deer but a carcass and I do not think</p>
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we can hold him in justice of equity. And thou hast irritated him and bullbaited his words until he hath begun to talk of worms, crawling worms, viperous worms, man-eating worms, things which living I never shall learn to abide. He hath reasoned this out well and stoutly to my understanding, Joseph, and I say let him and his worms crawl fast and far away.

Joseph
Carnaby

He hath chopped logic into pieces until the face of truth looks like the pustules and pimples on Granny Madden's face. I cannot answer his tongue-thrusts, but words that come out of his throat shall

	<p>not keep the rope from going around about it. The deer is before our very eyes!</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>Whose deer sayest thou this is or was?</p>
Joseph Carnaby	<p>It was one of the herd from out the forest of Charlecote and therefore the sole property and fief and entail and estate of Sir Thomas Lucy, Knight and Esquire and Most Worshipful Justice of the Peace for these Parishes.</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>Well, this particular and singular entail is well cut off. But knowest thou this especial and individual deer? Canst thou swear on oath and before the judgment place that this</p>

carcass ever belonged of right to a deer which in turn did belong to Sir Thomas? Hast thou private notches cut upon his horns? Are his antlers marked with the branches of his ancestral descent? Dost thou recognize his eyes, his hair, his nose, his hoofs, his tail and wilt thou make full and complete inventory of all his several parts in thine oath?

Joseph
Carnaby

Nay, but Euseby Treen can, for he doth know every hair on the hide of every deer in Charlecote.

Will
Shakespeare

As thou knowest every hair on the head of every *dear* in Stratford, thou and thy wench-seeking master, Silas Gough.

Euseby
Treen

But what sayest thou, Euseby
Treen, thou fearless guardian?

By my faith, and by my
word and by my sacred oath,
I am not sure this night of
what I do know. What with
falling stars and songs to the
honor and glory and sanctifica-
tion of Devils and Mermaids,
and wrestling bouts with logic
and twisting of words, what
with wooden coffins and wrig-
gling, slime-mouthed worms,
I do not rightly think I can
swear to mine own valor. I
would swear to the old brown
doe who was big with young,
for I did see her drop her male
fawn under the crooked elm by
the bottom of the meadow.

It was this very day just as noon had grown old by two full hours and I did mark her well. And likewise this buck, I am of a moral surety, was the very one that did horn-thrust at me last rutting season, and I would have sworn to him, too, with a ready tongue until evil doers began to talk of worms and hangings.

Will
Shakespeare

And this buck did angrily attack thee ?

Euseby
Treen

That he did and murderously.

Will
Shakespeare

(Aside.) I thank thee, Euseby Treen, for this avenue out of Charlecote forest.

Joseph Carnaby	Didst thou not put down this buck in the making of thine inventory yesterday to the Knight's clerk ?
Euseby Treen	Aye, that I did and truly too, but yesterday was a day better than this and it had a pleasant and a peaceful night going before it, not like unto this.
Will Shakespeare	And how many deer didst thou report unto the Knight's clerk as his red and entailed deer ?
Euseby Treen	Two and eighty were the number, two and eighty—for I do remember distinctly and openly five "twos" and four

naughts and each naught was set down opposite its own "two" and then there was one "two" which did have no naught with it but which did stand off by itself and good Ephraim Barnett did remark that the mated figures counted up eighty and that the unmarried "two" brought the entire matter up to eighty and two.

Will
Shakespeare

I would I had thy gift of elucidation. It might serve me a good turn in unrolling doubts and in solving problems. But tell me, yesterday the good Knight had two and eighty deer, no more and no less?

Euseby Treen	Aye, and to that I will fill a paper with crosses.
Will Shakespeare	And this dead buck being no longer a deer but only a toothsome carcass would leave his herd short by a single deer, so that there should be but one and eighty, and I am charged with the caused depletion ?
Joseph Carnaby	That is the sum and the figure and the weight and the measure of the matter. The Knight hath only eighty-one deer by reason of thy removing hand, when his book roll will disclose and demand of Euseby Treen two and eighty.
Euseby Treen	Thou hast put it pertly and

Will
Shakespeare

smartly, Joseph Carnaby, and the lad stands charged before us two, being two arms as it were of justice, with purloining and felonously abstracting one of eighty and two deer.

Thou didst bear witness just now to the big brown doe dropping on the velvet sward beneath the meadow elm this very day a buck fawn, and that I trow hath well supplied the missing figure of one, so that at this very moment, just as at the moment yesterday when the Knight did get his inventoried list, he still owneth, possesseth, holdeth and maintaineth two and eighty deer living and complete in all their

	<p>parts. Therefore neither can Euseby Treen be charged with permitting the purloining of a single deer nor can I, the gentle, innocent shepherd lad, be justly charged with abstracting one of eighty-two nor any several part thereof. What sayest thou, Euseby Treen?</p>
<p>Euseby Treen</p>	<p>Thou makest thy figures singularly truthful and I ever heard that figures would breed no lies. But surely thou didst steal the deer?</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>Thou art wrong. What is it to steal?</p>
<p>Euseby Treen</p>	<p>Truly, the best whipped of school-boys knoweth that to</p>

steal is to remove unlawfully the property of another from off his premises.

Will
Shakespeare

Then have I not stolen, for on whose premises stand we all three, and on whose premises reposeth the beautiful carcass of yonder deer?

Euseby
Treen

Marry, on the premises of Sir Thomas Lucy, Knight and Justice.

Will
Shakespeare

Then have I removed nothing lawfully or unlawfully from off his premises and thy charge is false and fallen to the ground. This carcass which thou pretendest to have seen in my company is still on the premises of Sir Thomas Lucy, Knight

Euseby Treen	<p>and Justice, and I do renounce all acquaintanceship with it. I will have none of it, none of it.</p> <p>Joseph, it doth appear more plainly by figures and by expositions that we cannot hold the lad—but what sayest thou?</p>
Joseph Carnaby	<p>I say, away with him at once to Sir Thomas and listen no more to senseless words.</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>But if thou art to arrest me what wilt thou do with my companions should I call them to my aid? Wilt thou arrest them likewise? Wilt thou contend against many?</p>
Joseph Carnaby	<p>Thou didst declare that thou hadst no companions.</p>

Will
Shakespeare

See now how careless justice is with her memory! Thou didst ask me how many men were of my company and I declared myself to be alone of men— (aside) as indeed I sometimes think I am in any company— but dost thou not know that there are other things in the world beside men? Hast thou never heard of the spirits which haunt these woods and mountains? They are my friends. I have but to call on the Queen of the fairies, on the elves and sprites, on the pixies and gnomes, on Oberon and Puck and thy lives are lost. If I content myself with humbler things, with their lower servants, I shall have ye harried

into a senseless mass. I will have the clamorous owl screech into thine ear, Joseph Carnaby, until it part with its hearing; the hedge-hog shall needle thy shanks and shins until thou art like some quarrelsome fellow at a fair; the furry legged spider shall weave a net, Euseby Treen, over thy mouth; batty wings shall cover thine eyes; spotted snakes shall slime their enamelled skin upon thee; blackest beetles shall encompass thee. In truth there are things within this forest which belong more to me than to Sir Thomas.

Joseph
Carnaby

Thou shalt stay where



thou art, for us. I want none
of thine owls and hedge-
hogs !

Euseby
Treen

We will away without thee.
Keep thou thyself thine obedi-
ent bats and snakes !

Joseph
Carnaby

Sir Silas, whose errand this
is, shall deal with thee.

Will
Shakespeare

Oh ! ho ! This business
then is the doing of Sir Silas
Gough ! Well, then, I will tell
thee, I fain would go to him of
mine own will. Take thou the
carcass and I will follow a
docile and contrite prisoner ;
not after the customary man-
ner of yoked and drooping

Will
Shakespeare

captives, but still thy prisoner,
thy prisoner.

(Exeunt Carnaby and Treen
bearing the deer on a stave.)

These hinds of forests and
of men! a little food, a little
drink, a little sweating of the
brow, a little folding of the
hands—and the circumference
and contentment of their days
are rounded and complete.
God forbid me such dull sub-
stance! Heaven send me no
such consumption of myself.
Either I must dwarf my lungs
or breathe a larger air. The
axe for the woodman, the net
for the fisher, but boundless
space for him who would write
of men. To-day Stratford, to-



morrow the world ! And for thee, oh ! Hannah ! This wing I begin to beat against the air shall grow in strength until it bear us both. I will build our nest on the borders of the sky. Think not I shall forget thee, my Hannah ! What was the oath ? I will swear it again beneath the benediction of thine arms, oh ! trees ! I will swear it on the altar of thy pure bosom, oh ! earth ! Hear, oh ! ye winds, that ride the furthest circuits, hear ye now my chainêd and solemn vow ! I do swear by the sun that governs the day, I do swear by the moon that rules the night, I do swear by the stars that ever have their will of men,

never to forget thee, Hannah Hathaway, never, never, never !

(Exit Will Shakespeare and the curtain falls on Scene II.)

SCENE III

SCENE III

(The great hall of Charlecote House. On a large table in the middle of the hall lies the carcass of the deer. At another table, not far from an open window, sits Sir Thomas Lucy, while Ephraim Barnett, the clerk, is arranging papers.)

Sir Thomas
Lucy

MASTER Ephraim, what hast thou set down for us this forenoon? Is it not the trial of the Stratford lad?

Ephraim
Barnett

Aye, your worship, it is the trial of William Shakespeare, a youth of Stratford hard by. I have writ down the lad's name Guilielmus Hasta - Vibrans. The trade of learning should be driven amongst scholars

alone and so I may tell your worship that no more warlike name goes up and down in these three parishes, for we do read that amongst the high Germans the name Guilielmus, or Wilhelm, doth signify Helmet of defense and thus this present possessor is armed with a buckler for his head and with a weapon of offense for swift-throwing attack. Men of warlike naming do ever mount upward. Our own countryman and Rome's Pontiff, the fourth Adrian, fetched his name out of Break-spear and your worship mindeth to what high place he did fight his way, albeit he couched with disjointed lance. As



touching our rendering of Hasta-Vibrans, it is indeed true that the older Latinists——

Sir Thomas
Lucy

There, that will do, Good Master Ephraim.

(Sir Thomas Lucy turns to papers on his desk. The door opens and William Shakespeare and Hannah Hathaway enter in close conversation.)

Hannah
Hathaway

Oh! Will, Will, what a plight thou art in! A thousand snakes have not ensacked the venom Silas Gough hath gathered up for thee. The man will hang thee if cunning and deceit can do it.

Will
Shakespeare

Nay, Hannah, thou knowest I believe in the stars and

	the stars have not yet written that I shall hang for a bit of tallow and horns and hair.
Hannah Hathaway	Can nothing make thee serious, Will?
Will Shakespeare	After to-day I shall be serious all my life, be my days many or numbered like scattered hairs.
Hannah Hathaway	I shall speak for thee. I shall bear testimony to thy visit to me last night and that thou couldst not have had a purpose of deer killing in thy mind.
Will Shakespeare	I will aver that since Cupid hath armed himself with the deadly bow, I did think it prudent to meet him with a gun.

Hannah
Hathaway

Dost thou not fear the
Knight, Sir Thomas ?

Will
Shakespeare

Why this is the very kindest Knight that ever blinked at sun. Many times these last few years have I walked by his side and talked with him and yet ever his head hath been bent cloudwards. I verily believe he knows me not from any other lad whose first beard be growing in Stratford. But these walks and talks have turned his gentle soul into a readable book for me. He is like an instrument with few notes, homely and sweet, and this instrument I do fully know and can play upon it a simple air of pardon and forgiveness.

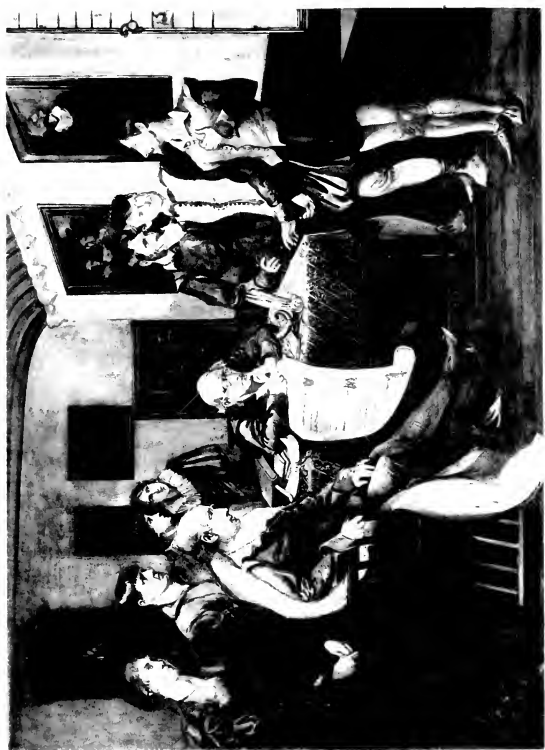
Nay, Hannah girl, never fear for me.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Master Ephraim, hast all ready for the trial ?

Ephraim
Barnett

Aye, your worship, all is set and complete as if thou were the greatest Justice of the Oyer and Determiner in the Kingdom. Thou hast thy "dedimus potestatem" from the Lord Chancellor and I have mine office of Clerk of the Peace in the naming from thy good grace as "Custos rotulorum," and while I do set down in the book the speech of truth, nothing thereof shall be frustrate or void—that I can tell your worship. I have



commanded in thy name witnesses, that thou mayest examine each “ad perpetuam rei memoriam.” I have——

Sir Thomas
Lucy

There, that will do, Good Master Ephraim.

(Silas Gough has entered and spoken to Sir Thomas Lucy who for the first time seems to notice the young couple.)

Come thou hither, Mistress Hannah, and sit thee here by me. It is not seemly that thou shouldst stand by that scape of grace and village ne’er-dowell, as if to support him in his iniquity.

Hannah
Hathaway

Good Sir Thomas, I must

needs stand by him here and now, for I am promised to stand by him everywhere and forever. Of a truth, my Willie hath done no wrong. Thou dost not know him.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Of that, girl, the law, the great and sacred law, must make disposition. Where are the witnesses? Let the witnesses come in and depose concerning the matter.

(Enter Joseph Carnaby and Euseby Treen. Ephraim Barnett the clerk calls each by name and each says to Sir Thomas, "Your Worship.")

Sir Thomas
Lucy

William Shakespeare of
Stratford - upon - Avon, seest

<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>thou these good men who are deponents against thee ?</p> <p>(Peering into the faces of the men.) Faith I would indeed rejoice and the neighborhood would have much advantage if I or any honest citizen could see these men good, Your Worship. But Joseph Carnaby and Euseby Treen are henchmen of yonder Silas Gough and therefore they cannot be good nor can they be seen to be good.</p>
<p>Silas Gough</p>	<p>Good in thy teeth, thou virtueless villain.</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>Aye, good is in my teeth, and behind my teeth, and between my teeth, but it is a</p>

Sir Thomas
Lucy

fruit thou hast never tasted. It would sadly disconcert thy mouth and overturn the furniture of thy stomach could it but enter those vile caverns.

Nay, thou depraved and ribald youth, thou must bear thyself more becomingly before thy betters. Master Silas did but seek to read thee a timely reproof as his priestly office requireth. He would not have thee understand that good dwelleth in his mouth or proceedeth out thereof, nor indeed would he convey to thy mind that good inhabiteth mine own mouth which is the voice-way of the first magistrate of this shire and properly thy pattern

and better, nor yet that good doth or can proceed out of my magisterial and knightly mouth which by mine office is attuned to timely, righteous and true words, but he would fain have thee learn to invite and give glad entertainment to good in thine own teeth, that is to say in thine own mouth and by the office of thine own tongue. (Aside.) This extempore sermon I have read the youth doth not seem to be cut and framed in all its parts as I would have had it. Methinks, somehow, I have hit to one side of the heart of the reproof. But the morning is hot and wanes toward the noon hour, and I am singularly dry of throat.

Ephraim
Barnett

(To Ephraim Barnett.) Good Master Ephraim, I do pray thee, have me fetched a draught of ale.

(To one of the servants.) Ho there, Abraham, varlet, bear quickly here a well-cooled tankard of ale. Your worship well perceiveth the best office of honest English ale is to nourish England's magistracy. It doth quicken the wit of Judges, it doth unseal the ear of wisdom, it doth open the eye of validity, it doth soften the voice of condemnation, it doth uphold the arm of equity, it doth much enlarge the heart of mercy, it doth speed the feet of errantry, it doth swell

the lungs of obligation, it doth counter-strike great mischiefs, it doth devise methods, it doth propagate reasons, it doth reach conclusions, it doth give a passing patrimony to the poor, it doth consecrate customs, it doth minister joys, it doth——

Sir Thomas
Lucy

(As the ale is brought him.)
There, that will do, Good Master Ephraim, the ale doth very well for me.

Will
Shakespeare

Aye, your worship, and every *doth* that Master Ephraim doth brew and every doth of his doth-anatomy doth but add to thy magisterial thirst and to the discomforting of even so

<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>unailing a throat as mine own.</p> <p>Silence, youth, and let me taste the cup of peace. By my Knighthood, I could have furnished good habitation for well nigh a full Kilderkin of this sensible ale. And now, Joseph Carnaby, do thou depose on the charge and with particulars.</p>
<p>Joseph Carnaby</p>	<p>I was returning last night from Hampton in company with Euseby Treen, here, whither we had been on special message to seek tidings of Andrew Haggit who hath absconded. As we passed through the Park we did hear a gun-shot seeming to come</p>

from the bottom of Mickle Meadow, and there were loud voices as in mirth and revelry and songs. I plucked Euseby Treen by the doublet and whispered "Euseby, Euseby, there be game stealers abroad, let us lie in the shadow of the elms and willow trees and capture the robbers"—

Euseby
Treen

Nay, willows and elm trees were the words.

Will
Shakespeare

See, your Worship, what discordances. They cannot agree on their own story. They cannot connive in harmony. They cannot even lie together under the shadow of the same trees.

<p>Silas Gough</p>	<p>The same thing, the same thing in the main.</p>
<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>The terms are much synonymous and thou mayest hang for this crime even were there no willow or elm trees in the forest.</p>
<p>Joseph Carnaby</p>	<p>(To Euseby Treen.) The Knight will hang him out of hand, mark that, Euseby. We may as well step forth and choose the length of hemp.</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>By less differences have estates been lost, Kings deposed, homes broken and England, our country, filled with homeless, helpless, destitute orphans. I protest against it.</p>

Silas Gough

Protest, indeed. He talketh like a member of the House of Lords. The Lords alone can protest.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

The objection doth not appear to me to be momentous and thou mayest have thine ears slit for this charge and no account taken in the law for this discrepancy.

Euseby
Treen

(Aside to Joseph.) Get thou the knife, Joseph, for surely the Knight will fringe the lad's saucy ears. He will evermore go about the Parish with ribbons on the sides of his head.

Joseph
Carnaby

I would we could slit his tongue. It would greatly

Will
Shakespeare

mend his words and his manners.

Nay, Your Worship, thou must hear me patiently for I have written more than an entire year in an Attorney's office and have read much of the statutes and the laws and I do know the sacred rights which great judges like thee do guarantee unto humble Englishmen like me, and I would therefore protest under the law, under the law. I would remind Your Worship with respect of the heavy fine laid upon a gentleman magistrate of an adjoining county in the reign of the sixth Edward, for having committed a poor

man to prison for "*being in possession of a hare*," it being afterward proven from out the mouths of a cloud of witnesses that the hare was at the very time in the possession of the poor man and not the poor man in the possession of the hare.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

(Somewhat moved) I do not at this moment recall the case thou hast cited from the books, but we will go on with the trial and do thou, Joseph Carnaby, be more circumspect with thy sworn testimony.

Joseph
Carnaby

We were in the shadow of the—the trees—the trees, some score of furlongs from the robbers——

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Thou hast said it already—
all save the furlongs—(to Eph-
raim) hast room for the score
of furlongs, worthy Ephraim ?

Ephraim
Barnett

Aye, Your Worship, and
would have were they as many
good English miles. I shall
write mainly in small rounded
letters which though they be
like ciphers in form are with-
out distortness in the intent.
My quill was plucked by a
wart-fingered lad in the full of
the moon, less three days, at
Candlemas from a gray-black
goose and ground one hour
from break of day on a blood-
red stone from the bed of a
month-dried brook. It is a
quill which dare cover much

parchment and in some hands would outswear a score of witnesses. But your worship well knoweth the honor in which I hold mine office. What saith the proverb: "Anser, Apis, Vitulus, Populosque Regna gubernant," that is to say, Vitulus, the parchment to bear the message; Apis, the wax to hide its meaning from the pry of men and Anser, the goose which doth provide the pen to indite the same, these three do rule——

Sir Thomas
Lucy

There, Good Master Ephraim, that will do.

Will
Shakespeare

Your Worship will observe the good clerk hath stuck the hide on the little bee in the

<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>stead of upon the bigger and stronger calf.</p> <p>Silence, youth. I know thy skill, Ephraim, and that there be great flights in thine Anser, so that thou leanest not too weightily on the neb.</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>An', Sir, so hast thy Court ever both interrogator and Anser.</p>
<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>Silence, silence, I say, bold youth, and abide in quiet. (Aside to Silas Gough.) Methinks, Silas, the lad hath caught something of my wit. We may yet break him into a steady drawing beast. The whistle, mayhap, will do more than the whip.</p>

Silas Gough	<p>The whistle will blow away. The whip will leave its good writing up and down the flesh.</p>
Sir Thomas Lucy	<p>Go on, Joseph Carnaby, go on. It doth appear by thy testimony that there were a huge and desperate gang afloat. We have the leader and chief of the robber-band and we shall forthwith—but I must act with prudent speed as becometh an English magistrate. So, do thou proceed, Joseph.</p>
Joseph Carnaby	<p>I said unto Euseby, “Euseby Treen, there seemeth to be at least ten in this crowd of evil-doers——”</p>
Euseby Treen	<p>Twelve, Joseph—twelve—</p>

may, it *was* ten—thou art right, Joseph, ten was the exact number that thou didst mention. It was twelve I had fixed in mine own imagining—saying unto myself, “Euseby, six of these dreadful robbers must thou capture, while Joseph taketh his own six.” But the twelve were in my imaginings.

Will
Shakespeare

Aye, Your Worship, the twelve were in the imagination of Euseby Treen, and the ten in the imagination of Joseph Carnaby, for I do declare that in Charlecote forest last night I was alone and without the company of a human soul.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

(To Ephraim Barnett.) Hast

Ephraim
Barnett

set down the ten rogues in the Park, Ephraim?

Aye, your worship, an' I do marvel that nine of them may yet be in that sacred inclosure. The fat deer are daily diminished in England and the Godless no longer do have regard of her noble Parks whereof she once was more blessed than the whole of Europe besides. The time was when living deer raised the stomachs of Gentlemen with their chase and afterwards, being made venison, greatly nourished and soothed them with their flesh. Great Parks were there in England before the Conquest and in the Book of the Doomsday we do

<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p> <p>Silas Gough</p> <p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>have report of <i>Parcus Silvestris bestiarum</i>. The first King Henry did encompass with a wall of stone——</p> <p>There, Good Master Ephraim, that will do. Go on, Joseph, thy testimony convinceth. Shall not a Knight have his own Park free of marauding dogs? Shall not his deer be free to live or come to his table as he may direct? I do tremble to think of what England may be coming to in these latter days. But I am a sworn magistrate.</p> <p>Aye, the law is under thy feet.</p> <p>Oh! Great Spirit of Justice</p>
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and of Jurisprudence and of Institutes! The law under the feet of an English subject and of an English magistrate. Oh! that I should have lived—and being yet of tender years—to hear the desperate charge that the law is trampled under foot by one of the uprightest Judges in the Kingdom, a man of probity, a man of extreme judicial learning, a man of God's own divine clemency, a prudent Judge, a wise Judge, and to hear it charged by a mere Priest, an unworthy altar-servant, that this great Judge hath trampled under his foot the Law, the sacred Law! Oh! most worshipful Justice, pray do thou commit me, convict

<p>Silas Gough</p>	<p>me forthwith, conduct me even this very moment to the gallows—I can no longer live to be in the memory of this vile charge and peradventure of its repetition.——</p> <p>Dog of a woolstapler's litter, thou oughtest in truth to be hanged. (To Sir Thomas.) Your Worship knoweth full well that nothing was more distant in intent from my heart and my purpose than to utter disparagement of my Patron and my Master ; but this vile word-player would distract a saint.</p>
<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>Nay, good lad, contain thyself. Thou art sensitive for</p>

respect and consideration and propriety beyond thy years. Thou doest well to be in alarm at any word of disrespect toward the law—and indeed I did not think it in thee—for on the law doth stand this ancient Kingdom, its armaments, its parliaments, its great Queen's majesty, its established Church of God, nay, even its very Knights and Justices. But, lad, I wot not Master Silas only did intend to show that as the representative of Justice, I, a magistrate, did rest for authority upon the law, as one might be said to stand for a foundation upon a rock, the rock being law, but the rock is not hurt by the standing upon it, nor is

	<p>aught of disrespect shown thereto. But I do like well thy solicitude for the great majesty of the law and, Silas, methinks thou mightest have chosen more fitting metaphors and similitudes.</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>Now, Silas, may God make thee as humble as thou art made humbled.</p>
Sir Thomas Lucy	<p>Be silent, lad. Go on Joseph, and with speed, for the morning passeth.</p>
Joseph Carnaby	<p>And then we did hear voices singing of a mermaid——</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>Your Worship well knoweth a mermaid hath not been seen this far up the Avon these twenty years and more.</p>

Joseph
Carnaby

Nay, but we did hear distinctly this lad singing of a mermaid.

Euseby
Treen

Aye, that we did truly—and I thought I could hear her tail sloshing in the brook.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

William, didst thou sing of the water-devil-woman?

Will
Shakespeare

I did sing a song I learned long ago.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

I fain would hear it now and incorporate it in the weight of judgment which it grieveth me sore to say seems accumulating much on one side of the scales. Sing the song, lad, that the law may make judgment.

Will
Shakespeare

The song as I recall it did
go like this :

The sea-maid rode on the Dolphin's back,
Rode thro' the waves on the sea-made track,

And her tresses were black—

Alack, so black—

And her tresses were black, Hey, ho.

The mermaid landed the rocks upon
And deceived a Knight with locks auburn,
And her tresses turned green—

I ween—so green—

And her tresses turned green, Hey, ho.

A white-robed Priest next passed that way,
To her beguilings his soul gave sway,

And her tresses turned white—

The sight—so white—

And her tresses turned white, Hey, ho.

She is seen no more on land or sea,
And Priest and Knight are ever more free,
From the snare of her hair—

Tho' fair—the hair—

From the snare of her hair, Hey, ho !

Sir Thomas
Lucy

There is not wanting some-
thing of cadent melody in

thy verse, lad, but methinks thou hast not been impartial between the lines, giving to some more words than thou hast bestowed upon others and I ever liked evenness of song. Besides methinks the subject badly chosen. Folks reputed to be of sea nativity had best be left to themselves by us of the land.

Silas Gough

Aye, and what hath such as this rogue to do with white-robed priests and knights of auburn hair. Such villains as he are fit only to fall horizontally before their betters or to hang perpendicularly on the gallows.

Will
Shakespeare

Faith, I can play the part of

Priest to a wonder by swinging away to the further comparison-pole of thy figure and conversation. Piety, Priest Silas, is thy business, but thou art left-handed in thy trade because of thy wicked proneness.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Touching Priests, Silas, it seemeth me there should be a certain latitude of allusion permitted poets and writers and perhaps a certain familiarity, since the priest is the medium between salvation and the weaknesses and frivolities of the world. Am I not in the right, Master Ephraim?

Ephraim
Barnett

Aye, your worship, very

right—that is to say quite right, or right in a measure, that is in a certain measure or in a certain light, somewhat differing in medium and complexion, or as one might say of a contrary appearance, that is to say wrong, quite wrong; for it doth appear by some proofs read out of the book “De Gestis Herewardi” that priests were in the ancient days of that great honor that Knights did bow down before them, and it is written that they were clothed with great power, so that the holy Abbot of Canterbury in the reign of William Rufus did confer honorable Knightdom upon a gentleman—the Abbot being “in

Sir Thomas
Lucy

sacra vesta" and the gentleman——

There, that will do, Good Master Ephraim. But a knight, albeit his hair should be auburn, a color methinks not grown of legitimate English air, is of a finer and higher kind and it ill becometh a verse maker to take aught of liberty with his knight-hood or his doings. It tendeth toward the breeding of disrespect and the decay of veneration to draw a knight to destruction by the tresses of a mermaid. Hast thou forgot St. George and the Dragon—and is a Dragon less to be feared than a sea-woman? I speak now not as a Knight nor

yet again as a Christian but as one who observeth the various strengths and forces of dragons and mermaids.

Will
Shakespeare

Now is my mind enlarged by this learning and I do thank my good fortune for bringing my slow and feeble intelligence under the bright light of a Knight's gracious mind.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Silas, the lad is teachable. He is a conducive youth and we must not let him hang.

Silas Gough

What ! Would Your Worship let loose on the Parish a stealer of deer, a lover of wenches, a maker of verses ? Will the silver service be safe on mine own church altar ?

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Will the coffins of the ancient Lucys be unrifled in their vaults? Will the gold rings remain upon the fingers of the dead? Shall a magistrate turn justice out of the door to force in thereat undeserved clemency? I do greatly fear for the Parish.

Joseph
Carnaby

Thou art right, Silas, yet it goeth against my grain to hang the lad. Let us hear more of the witnesses. Go on, Joseph Carnaby, what then passed after the song?

The matter then was sharp and short. I did command Euseby Treen to fasten on the robbing, deer-stealing villain

and we brought him off to the Hall.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

The Parish is secure with such brave and worthy constables. I do commend and marvel at thy courage, for neither art thou nor Euseby youthwards of the side of cudgels and sharp stick-play and the robber did have his gun, tho' it appeareth from thy testimony it had already belched itself empty. Did the fellow attempt to dishonestly suborn thee, Joseph?

Joseph
Carnaby

Nay, it would take many a shilling to suborn one such as me, and he had never a piece in pocket or till.

Euseby
Treen

(Aside to Joseph.) Joseph, it had been wiser, now I remember the lad's father hath money, had we given him more opportunity to attempt suborning. (Aloud to Sir Thomas.) No, Your Worship, there was no time for suborning either of us, no good opportunity — (becomes silent as Joseph plucks his doublet).

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Thou art faithful constables and honest men. What sayest thou, Will Shakespeare, to the charge ?

Will
Shakespeare

Your Worship must know that I do now and again walk about under the stars to catch something of fancy and phan-

tasy, being given to poetry and such writing——

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Aye, but it is not well to concern thyself with stars and such things. Familiarity doth breed disrespect. I did hear of a man once who thought so little of the noon-day sun that he would gaze up into its very face and forthwith set to sneezing in seeming rebellious disregard of its greatness and power. But, go on, lad, go on.

Will
Shakespeare

I was walking through the forest contemplating the great goodness of God in giving the ownership of those lordly trees to so worthy a Knight, when suddenly the bushes gave way

and an angry, snorting buck-deer made as if to run me through with his spikes. I drew back and in my fright the gun did discharge and the deer lay dead at my feet. Being dead, it was no longer a deer, but venison and being venison I was no longer in great dread thereof. I thought what a strange pity to leave it to rot when Master Silas might have a chance to smell it basting and to move his godless teeth through its fattened ribs. So I was fetching it out of the forest to bear it to Charlecote House when these two fellows were sent by fortune to relieve my shoulders of the heavy and unusual burden.



Sir Thomas
Lucy

A man must ever protect his life against a wild and dangerous beast, but how camest by the gun ?

Will
Shakespeare

It hath long been in the air of report that Charlecote forest had a few bucks of ferocious inclining, and only the other day this very deer did attack Euseby Treen and but for his courage had had his life of him.

Euseby
Treen

Aye, Your Worship, the lad speaks truth of that deer, and but for my strength and honest cudgeling I had not been here this day to do my duty as a constable. The deer was much given to raging, and I can tell your worship.

<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>(Aside to Euseby Treen.) I will suborn thee finely for that supporting testimony some day, good Euseby.</p> <p>(Silas Gough in the mean- time has been in secret con- versation with Sir Thomas, evidently urging some sum- mary punishment on Will Shakespeare.)</p>
<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>Youth, thou hath made some strong explanation of the death of the deer and thy con- versation hath shown that thou art a lad not without parts and with a heart mov- able by the heavier storms of grace. Thy contemplative mood of mind when in the</p>

forest hath not a little turned my heart toward thee. But Silas Gough our spiritual guide and adviser hath cleared to us the grave enormity of thy rude trespassing in the Park, thereby beyond doubt provoking in the first instance the deer to his threatening movement, and the good chaplain hath likewise brought to our notice thy constant conduct these last summers in enacting scenes and plays on the green-sward by the Avon, and in drawing into thy wanton company half the youth in the neighborhood, imitating Kings, Queens and Princes, Fairies, Elfs and Sprites, Cardinals, Knights and Ministers, strange men from

Silas Gough

France, Venice and Mantua, and even as the story goes, enacting the dusky Moors, with loud mouthings, bold phrases, and with such a shaking of arms, heads and limbs that other villagers have thought the Stratford town delivered over to the Evil One.

The knave hath no conscience. He hath no knowledge. No decency or humility of youth can find its way down the six appearing hairs of his beard. He hath as much acquaintance with heaven as he hath with a throne or a palace. Dost thou think, thou common player of interludes, that thou and thy crew can

enact the part of Kings and Queens and go unpunished of the law? Wouldst thou dare lay the face or image of a King or Queen upon a coin of the realm, and yet thou dost recklessly counterfeit the entire person of a Prince. The impression of an Emperor's face on a farthing is felonous and rope-worthy. Yet thou and thy vile actors would imitate his body and voice, wear his crown and mantle, strut across the sward with his majestic step, and pretend to be royal and glorious. Out upon thee! Canst thy shallow brain and weak conception drink in the language of Kings? Thinkest thou that King calleth King,

like thine ignorant players, filcher and fibber, whirlagig and nincompoop. This familiarity is for the cheese-eating, beer-drinking guzzlers on the tavern bench. Instead of this, the horn blows, the drum beats, and a thousand fellows like thee are thrown into death, and when the Kings have cleared the land of such scuff, they render God thanks. Touch not such high and forbidden fruit. When I think of thy rude boldness I would have thee wince—thou who art but the parings of a quince.

Will
Shakespeare

Oh, Your Worship, I pray thee thank Master Silas in my unworthy name for these

words of *wince* and *quince*.
Their marriage hath given my
memory a jog it hath wanted
for this week or more.

Silas Gough

How now, rascal, on what
hath thy viperous fangs fast-
tened. I did but say that
Kings and Queens were too
high and unattainable a fruit
for thee to touch who art but
as the parings of a quince, a
sort of fruit I take to be the
meanest ever borne by tree or
bush.

Will
Shakespeare

Your Worship, it is but a
week last Sunday that being in
Oxford on my father's business,
I sought opportunity to refresh
my soul by the rich and

precious sermons which there fall on scholars. It came to pass that after a heavy and saving sermon on the way from the church the preacher caught up to me—I having been started on my way earlier than he, but stopping now and then to gauge the instructive points to the parent text—and the good man did speak to me and did deign even to converse with so humble a hearer. We did talk of poetry and the large fields of fruits and flowers open to the poets, when the Doctor said unto me, “Lad, not thirty miles from this very spot there dwelleth in Knightly retirement the greatest poet of England, one who turning aside

from the flowers and fruits which have been gathered by poets old and young and in all times and under all skies, was in truth the first to handle the humble quince." He did then repeat the lines beginning—

“Chloe, I would not have thee wince,
That I unto thee send a quince.”

Thereupon I was constrained by my pride to tell him that I lived within three measured miles of the hand that penned those noble lines.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Aye, aye, sensible youth, I did write those verses. Those were the days when I had sweet dreams and insights into the garden of poetry, but alas,

	<p>I pursued the muses no great ways.</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>To the regret of scholars, said Dr. Underhill.</p>
Sir Thomas Lucy	<p>Good lad, didst say Dr. Underhill? Was it with that great man thou didst walk and talk? The learnedest clerk in England?</p>
Will Shakespeare	<p>Even he, and methinks I did walk an inch or two taller remembering that I could pass near to and perhaps see the very fields and forests belong- ing to this Knightly poet.</p>
Sir Thomas Lucy	<p>William, thou shalt have free passage throughout Charle- cote forest and into Charlecote</p>

House. Take heed, Joseph Carnaby, and thou Euseby Treen, this wise and comely youth is to go and come unquestioned by such as ye.

Will
Shakespeare

I thank your Worship. Dr. Underhill will be glad to know of this, for he bade me inquire of thee and know if ever the muse moved thee now.

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Nay, Will, this knee is a bit stiff to mount Pegasus. But I will give thee copies rounded out in the plain hand of good Ephraim Barnett here, of some of my more polished verses. I do recall another set of verses made from almost as humble fruit, albeit a fruit of the water,

and which did make no small stir I am told. It opened in its first running much like this—

The Lucy is the finest fish
That ever lay on garnished dish ;
Sweeter far than tench or mullet,
Sea-bred food for Knightly gullet,
No other Arms or honor choose ye
Who hath the bone or flesh of Lucy.

(Here Will Shakespeare is shaken with laughter and unable to contain himself.)

Sir Thomas
Lucy

I do methink me, Willie,
that if thou hearest much more
of my poetry and my successes,
Dr. Underhill himself
could not drag thee away from
my skirt.

Will
Shakespeare

I would I had a bone from

the back of that Lucy, Ha!
Ha!!

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Sweet Will, it is said that the Queen's highness when she did hear these verses said unto her courtiers to the sore travail of some who thought upon themselves as poets—

“We need not envy our young cousin of Scotland his thistles, having ourselves such a pike-handling poet by the banks of the loyal Avon.”

Silas Gough

The lad may hang without me, for I am called by the voice of my stomach to a delayed dinner.

Will
Shakespeare

Your Worship knoweth that

<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>it is better nine other drones like unto Silas be fed unwor- thily than that one faithful worker shall go famished.</p> <p>There, sweet Willie, thou must remember Silas is more in years than thou and——</p>
<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>Aye, your worship, but I sorrow that he will not grow wise or good with his years. A minnow by long living will not grow into a whale.</p>
<p>Silas Gough</p>	<p>I plainly see this rope-des- tined youth can twist and turn other things besides vil- lainous words and irreverent phrases. But I must tell your worship—</p>



(He speaks long and eagerly into the ear of Sir Thomas.)

Sir Thomas
Lucy

But, Silas, the youth is reasonable and hath a good mind and will readily consent to thy demand. Boy, Master Silas Gough will be content if thou wilt promise——

Silas Gough

Nay, he must swear, he must make oath !

Sir Thomas
Lucy

Well, well, if thou wilt have it so. Good Willie, thou must swear to no longer think upon Hannah Hathaway, here. As Priest and Parish Counsellor and spiritual guardian, I feel that what Master Silas asks of thee is right and seemly. Do

<p>Will Shakespeare</p>	<p>thou then take this oath. Wilt thou ?</p> <p>Oh ! that will I, a solemn oath, a trysting oath. I have already registered an oath of inclination. Let me register one of compulsion. Let me quickly take the oath.</p>
<p>Sir Thomas Lucy</p>	<p>Good Master Ephraim, give the lad the bound scriptures.</p>
<p>Silas Gough</p>	<p>Swear thou then to forget Hannah Hathaway and never more go near to Shottery or enter into her mother's cottage. Swear, swear it.</p>
<p>Hannah Hathaway</p>	<p>(With her head in her hands.) Oh ! Will, Will——</p>

Will
Shakespeare

Here, then, I do swear—I do swear by the sun that governs the day, I do swear by the moon that rules the night, I do swear by the stars that ever have their will of men, never to forget thee my Hannah Hathaway, never, never, never.

(As he says this he throws down the scriptures, jumps through the open window and disappears. Curtain falls and scene ends.)

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